

FOREIGN NEWS.

**Spain.**  
The new parliament was opened on the 10th by royal commission, the usual speech from the throne being omitted. The House elected the Rt. Hon. John Evelyn Denison, speaker. The President's message excites various comments by the London journals. All, however, denounce the indecision of the senate in pausing, in the middle of its reading, to debate its author.

**France.**  
Reverdy Johnson, in a letter to the London Workingmen's Society, justifies his friendly intercourse with Laird and other friends of the South by saying he did no more than Grant and Sherman did in their friendly greeting and entertainment at their houses of rebel officers.

George Francis Train has been set at liberty, and has commenced a prosecution against Lord Abercorn, Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, for false imprisonment, laying his damages at \$100,000. Earl Spencer has been appointed Lord Lieutenant of Ireland.

**France.**  
The Emperor is still at Campagne, and Paris is dull. The *Patrie* thinks the message of President Johnson, in view of the approaching close of his administration, is unimportant, and that the only point calling for attention is the recommendation respecting direct elections.

**Spain.**  
Spain all last week was a smothered volcano in consequence of a Republican outbreak at Cadiz, fomented, it is asserted, by the friends of Isabella. There was a sharp fight, in which some 500 insurgents and citizens were killed and wounded, with an equal loss on the part of the government troops. A suspension of hostilities then took place, chiefly through the intervention of the American consul Farrell, who mounted the barricades, and holding the American flag in his hands, called upon both parties to stop the struggle. The provisional government hurried 10,000 troops under Gen. Roda to Cadiz to suppress the rebellion, who, however, accomplished the object by peaceful negotiations, persuading the insurgents to lay down their arms on condition of a free pardon. The prompt suppression of the outbreak at Cadiz quieted the other portions of the kingdom, in all quarters of which the republicans were on the point of an outbreak.

The Cuba fleet, consisting of two iron clad and transports with troops, was to sail on the 15th. Immediately on its arrival the election for the Cuban members of the Cortes is to take place.

**Turkey and Greece.**

The Eastern question, which a year or two ago, and indeed more or less for the last half century has given the "Great Powers" of Europe so much trouble, is again looming up in startling proportions. The Greeks, ever since the outbreak in Crete, have been lending more or less assistance to the patriot party in that island. Lately this has been done so openly that Turkey threatened to make war on Greece and sent that government an ultimatum, demanding the disbandment of the volunteer forces in Greece within five days; the prohibition of further volunteering; the immediate dismantling of vessels used for carrying supplies to the Cretans; the restoration of the Cretan refugees to Ireland; the punishment of the persons who assaulted and wounded a Turkish officer at Syria, and a strict conformity with the terms of all treaties.

The European powers have been profuse, even officious in their good offices to persuade Greece to accept this ultimatum, which, indeed, considering how impotent Greece is compared to Turkey, it would seem Greece ought not to hesitate about doing, but to the astonishment of the "Great Powers," Greece has rejected the ultimatum. Now a war between Greece and Turkey in itself would be a small affair, but it is evident Greece would not dare to put on so bold a face without some backing, and so the inference is drawn at once, and seems justified, too, by other circumstances, that Greece has the promise of aid from Russia. Now the great bugbear of all Europe ever has been, that Russia will swallow up Turkey, and of course should she make a movement in that direction by giving aid to Greece, all Europe will rush to the rescue to drive the Muscovite back to the Crimea. So Europe is again quaking with apprehensions of a general war about the Eastern question.

**Hungary.**

The session of the Hungarian diet was closed on the 12th with a speech from the throne. The Emperor, Francis Joseph, speaking as king of Hungary, eulogized the labors of parliament as tending to establish harmony in all parts of the monarchy. The army bill, he declared, was a pledge for the integrity of the continuance of peace. He concluded with the hope that the most cordial feeling with Prussia would be maintained.

**Italy.**

The eruption of Mount Etna, in Sicily, broke out on the 10th with increased violence, ejecting flames and lava until 5 o'clock next morning. The ashes from the crater fell on the town of Acireale, and were blown over into the streets of Messina. At last accounts the mountain was enveloped in smoke, and labored with deafening detonations. Great crowds were gathered on the northern shore of Malta to witness the magnificent spectacle, which, though 120 miles distant, is distinctly visible.

**China.**

Advices from Sankow, China, report the safe return of two ministers of the London Wesleyan Mission. Upon traveling through China they were well treated, saw abundance of coal and evidences of gold, silver, lead and iron mines. Catholic missions are very numerous, and Catholic converts were numbered by hundreds of thousands.

**Cuba.**

Notwithstanding the generally rosy hue of the reports from Cuba, which go through the censorship of the authorities, it is evident that the revolutionists are not only strong enough to

defy the Spanish armies now operating against them, but to resist the reinforcements coming from Spain. There have been several important encounters of late in the interior, in all of which the government troops evidently suffered heavily, but no true reports are allowed to be sent away. The insurgents are within fifteen miles of Havana. There are said to be two parties among them, but working together harmoniously—one desiring an independent republic, and the other annexation to the U. S.

**REVENUE DECISION.**—In answer to an inquiry of a Revenue Assessor, as to whether old cigar boxes could again be used to pack cigars, Commissioner Rollins replied: "The law requires that cigars shall be packed in boxes that have not previously been used. This provision is explicit, and to use boxes a second time would be an infringement of the law, though such boxes were thoroughly cleaned."

It is reported that the man who invented Grant got himself outside of a quantity of something hot enough to match the last half of his name, in Washington, the other day, and rode about the streets wrapped in the "stars and stripes." He forgot the rest of the programme, as Kirby used to play it at the Bowery, long ago, viz.: "to fire two pistols and die like a Radical."

The plain English of which, we suppose, is, that E. B. Washburne has been on a drunk.

Many lamp explosions may be prevented by trimming the wick daily. When burned for several evenings without trimming, the wick becomes black, clogged and incapable of supplying the oil clearly and uniformly, and the chimneys are sometimes filled with flame and smoke, to the embarrassment and alarm of those present. Some explosions would be prevented by never blowing out the lamp down the chimney, for, if the wick happens to be too small, the flame may be driven down into the oil. The best way is to turn it down until extinguished.—*Western World.*

**BAD FAITH TO THE INDIANS.**

*Resignation of Col. Wynkoop.*

From the Leavenworth Commercial, Dec. 9.  
Col. Wynkoop as a matter of principle, has tendered his resignation as Agent of the Cheyennes and Arapahoes; because of the impossibility of his rendering his charges anything like justice. No man on the border has more experience with the redskins, or has accomplished a tithe that he has done in his intercourse and stipulations with them. While in the service he made a gallant record, and has had his merits recognized since, and we are sorry to lose him in the West. We learn that he returns to his home in Philadelphia. By reference to his resignation, given below, it will be seen that he predicts a repetition of the Sand Creek massacre in the Washita reserve, which has been realized in the late fight and the killing of Black Kettle.

(COPY.)

EN ROUTE TO FORT COBB,  
November 29 1868.

Hon. N. G. TAYLOR, Commissioner of Indian Affairs, Washington, D. C.  
SIR:—During the year 1865, while an officer in the army of the United States, highest in authority in the Indian country in which I served, I, in the supposed fulfillment of my duty as such, congregated some five hundred friendly Cheyennes Indians together, assuring them of the protection of the United States; the consequence of which was they were attacked by a large body of volunteer troops from Colorado, and nearly two hundred of their women, children and old men brutally murdered. The infamous massacre at Sand Creek will not soon be forgotten. The Indians were naturally under the impression that I was responsible for the outrage; but after they fully understood my position, I became, at their request, their agent, and they have renewed the confidence they had in me previous to the Sand Creek murder, trusting me implicitly up to the time of Gen. Hancock's memorable expedition, they then having received assurances from me that Gen. Hancock would not harm them, and seeing me with him, whom I had been induced to accompany under assurances from himself that his mission was a peaceful one. Upon the destruction of their lodges and other property, again they naturally inferred the fault was mine, and some time after, while in the performance of my duty among the Indians, I came near losing my life in consequence, but I again succeeded in regaining their confidence, and am now under orders to proceed to Fort Cobb, on the Washita river, and congregate what Indians I can of my agency at that point or vicinity. Since I have started on my journey thither, I have learned of some five different columns of troops in the field, whose objective point is the Washita river. The regular troops are under control, commanded by officers who will not allow atrocities committed, but there are also in the field, under sanction of the Government, volunteer troops and Ute and Ojaga Indians, the deadly enemies of all Plain Indians, and whom nothing will prevent from murdering all of whatever age or sex, wherever found. The point to which that portion are marching who have expressed their determination to kill under all circumstances the Indians of my agency, is the point to which I am directed to congregate them at. They will readily respond to my call, but I most certainly refuse to again be the instrument of the murder of innocent women and children. While I remain an officer of the Government I propose to do my duty—a portion of which is to obey my instructions. All left me under the circumstances, with the present state of feelings I have in this matter, is now to respectfully tender my resignation, and return the commission which I have so far earnestly endeavored to fulfill the requirements of.

To the President of the United States, who has entrusted me with the commission I have held; to yourself for the consideration you have always shown me; to the Superintendent, Col. Murphy, for his invariable kindness, I shall always feel grateful.

I have the honor to respectfully forward this communication through Col. Thomas Murphy, Superintendent of Indian Affairs, to whom I will turn over what property I am responsible for, and make my appearance at Washington as soon as possible to settle my accounts.

I have the honor to be, with much respect your obedient servant.

(Signed) E. W. WYNKOOP.

**LONGFELLOW'S NEW VOLUME.**  
**THE NEW ENGLAND TRAGEDIES.**

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This new volume contains two poems in dramatic form—dealing with the persecution of the Quakers in New England, and the other with the Witches of Salem. The positive, sombre atmosphere that broods over the persons and events of the periods included in these poems is admirably reproduced; the varied and tragic tone of thought then prevalent is skillfully represented; and the pathetic character of many incidents is vividly described. Longfellow's genius is strikingly manifest throughout the entire volume.

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**TO PHYSICIANS.**

New York, August 15th, 1867.  
Allow me to call your attention to my preparation of compound extract Buchu. The compound part, are Buchu, Long Leaf, Cubeba, Juniper berries.  
Mode of Preparation.—Buchu, in vacuum. Juniper berries, by distillation, to form a fine gin. Cubeba extracted by displacement of ether obtained from Juniper berries, containing very little sugar, a small proportion of spirit, and more palatable than any now in use. The active properties are by this mode extracted.  
Buchu, as prepared by druggists generally, is of a dark color. It is a plant that emits its fragrance, the action of a flame destroys this, (its active principle), leaving a dark and glutinous decoction. Mine is the color of ingredients. The Buchu in my preparation predominates; the smallest quantity of the other ingredients are added, to prevent fermentation; upon inspection, it will be found not to be a Tincture, as made in Pharmacopoeia, nor is it a syrup, and therefore can be used in cases where fever or inflammation exists. In this, you have the knowledge of the ingredients and the mode of preparation.  
I hope that you will favor it with a trial, and that upon inspection it will meet with your approbation.  
With a feeling of confidence,  
I am, very respectfully,

J. T. HELMBOLD,  
Chemist and Druggist of 16 years' experience in Philadelphia, and now located at his Drug and Chemical Warehouse, 594 Broadway, New York.

(From the Largest Manufacturing Chemists in the World.)  
I am acquainted with Mr. J. T. Helmbold, he occupied the Drug Store opposite my residence, and was successful in conducting the business where others had not been equally so before him. I have been favorably impressed with his character and enterprise. WILLIAM WELSHATTAN,  
Physician, 419 Broadway, New York.

Helmbold's Extract of Buchu, for weakness arising from indigestion. The exhausted powers of nature, which are accompanied by so many alarming symptoms, among which will be found, loss of memory, loss of energy, wakefulness, horror of disease, or forebodings of evil, in fact, universal lassitude, prostration, and inability to enter into the enjoyments of society.

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Helmbold's Fluid Extract Buchu in all diseases of these organs, whether existing in male or female, from whatever cause originating, and no matter of how long standing. It is pleasant in taste and odor, "immediate" in action, and more strengthening than any of the preparations of bark or iron.

Those suffering from broken-down or delicate constitutions, procure the remedy at once.

The reader must be aware that, however slight may be the attack of the above diseases, it is certain to affect the bodily health and mental powers.

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None are genuine unless done up in steel-engraved wrapper, with fac-simile of my Chemical Warehouse, and signed Dec 19-2m. H. T. HELMBOLD.

**Assessment Notice.**

CITY CLERK'S OFFICE, Ottawa, Dec. 16, 1868.  
Public notice is hereby given to all persons interested in the city of Ottawa, to appear at the city council, on the 19th inst., to assess the sum of one hundred and sixty-one and 40/100 (\$161.40) dollars on the real estate of the city of Ottawa, to be assessed on the 19th inst., and to be paid on or before the 19th inst. of the month of January next, at the office of the City Clerk, in the City Hall, Ottawa.

Any person wishing to appeal from said assessment, or to object to the same, in writing in my office, on or before Tuesday, Dec. 23rd, at 7 o'clock P. M., or on or before Tuesday, Dec. 23rd, at 10 o'clock A. M., in the City Hall, Ottawa, at the hour of 10 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of making said appeal, or to object to the same, as confirmed or annulled the same.

R. N. WATSON, City Clerk.

**COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE.**—Public notice is hereby given to all persons interested in the city of Ottawa, to appear at the city council, on the 19th inst., to assess the sum of one hundred and sixty-one and 40/100 (\$161.40) dollars on the real estate of the city of Ottawa, to be assessed on the 19th inst., and to be paid on or before the 19th inst. of the month of January next, at the office of the City Clerk, in the City Hall, Ottawa.

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R. N. WATSON, City Clerk.

**NOTICE.**—ESTATE OF JACOB GLASER, DECEASED.—No notice is hereby given, that the undersigned, administrator of the estate of Jacob Glaser, late of the county of La Salle and state of Illinois, deceased, will appear before the County Court of said county on the third Monday (being the 15th day) of January 1869, at the Court House in Ottawa, in said county, where and where all persons having claims or demands against said estate are notified to attend and present the same in writing for adjustment.

Dated the 9th day of December, A.D. 1868.  
J. H. BRUCK, Administrator.

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